

SDS: 0008050

Date Prepared: 06/27/2013

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: CONAP® S-1 Solvent

Synonyms: None

Chemical Family: Aliphatic/Aromatic Hydrocarbon Mixture

Molecular Formula:MixtureMolecular Weight:MixtureIntended/Recommended Use:Solvent

CYTEC INDUSTRIES INC., FIVE GARRET MOUNTAIN PLAZA, WOODLAND PARK, NEW JERSEY 07424, USA **For Product and all Non-Emergency Information call** 1-800/652-6013. Outside the USA and Canada call 1-973/357-3193.

EMERGENCY PHONE (24 hours/day) - For emergency only involving spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident call: Asia Pacific:

Australia - +61-3-9663-2130 or 1800-033-111

China (PRC) - +86 10 5100 3039 (Carechem24 China)

New Guinea - +61-3-9663-2130

New Zealand - +61-3-9663-2130 or 0800-734-607

All Others - +65 3158 1074 (Carechem24 Singapore)

Canada: +1-905-356-8310 (Cytec Welland, Canada plant)

Europe/Africa/Middle East (Carechem24 UK):

Europe, Middle East, Africa, Israel - +44 (0) 1235 239 670

Middle East, Africa (Arabic speaking countries) - +44 (0) 1235 239 671

Latin America:

Brazil - 0800 0111 767 (SOS Cotec)

Chile - +56-2-247-3600 (CITUC QUIMICO)

All Others - +52-376-73 74122 (Cytec Atequiza, Mexico plant)

USA: +1-703-527-3887 or 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC #CCN6083)

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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Flammable Liquid Hazard Category 2 Reproductive Toxicant Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Hazard Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Hazard Category 3

Skin Corrosion / Irritation Hazard Category 2

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation Hazard Category 2A

Aspiration Hazard Category 1

LABEL ELEMENTS



CONAP® S-1 Solvent SDS: 0008050 Date Prepared: 06/27/2013 Page 2 of 10

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Precautionary Statements

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC), Other Hazards

Not applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Component / CAS No.	%	GHS Classification	Carcinogen
Toluene	70 - 80	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)	-
108-88-3		Repr. 2 (H361d)	
		STOT RE 2 (H373)	
		STOT SE 3 (H336)	
		Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	
		Eye Irrit. 2B (H320)	
		Asp. Tox. 1 (H304)	

CONAP® S-1 Solvent SDS: 0008050 Date Prepared: 06/27/2013 Page 3 of 10

Component / CAS No.	%	GHS Classification	Carcinogen
Isopropanol	20 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)	Not applicable
67-63-0		STOT SE 3 (H336)	
		Skin Irrit. 3 (H316)	
		Eye Irrit. 2A (H319)	

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition for one or more ingredients has been withheld as a trade secret.

Additional GHS classification or other information may be included in this section but has not been adopted by OSHA. See Section 16 for full text of H phrases.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes without delay. Wash immediately with plenty of water. Do not reuse contaminated clothing without laundering. Get medical attention if pain or irritation persists after washing or if signs and symptoms of overexposure appear.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical advice if there are persistent symptoms.

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

None known

INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDS

Not applicable

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Use water spray, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical to extinguish fires. Water stream may be ineffective.

Protective Equipment:

Firefighters, and others exposed, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full firefighting protective clothing. See MSDS Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection).

Special Hazards:

Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions:

Where exposure level is known, wear approved respirator suitable for level of exposure. Where exposure level is not known, wear approved, positive pressure, self-contained respirator. In addition to the protective clothing/equipment in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection), wear impermeable boots.

CONAP® S-1 Solvent SDS: 0008050 Date Prepared: 06/27/2013 Page 4 of 10

Methods For Cleaning Up:

Remove sources of ignition. Cover spills with some inert absorbent material; sweep up and place in a waste disposal container. Flush spill area with water.

References to other sections:

See Sections 8 and 13 for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Precautions: Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and other equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Special Handling Statements: None Containers must be bonded and grounded when pouring or transferring material.

STORAGE

Areas containing this material should have fire safe practices and electrical equipment in accordance with applicable regulations and/or guidelines. Standards are primarily based on the material's flashpoint, but may also take into account properties such as miscibility with water or toxicity. All local and national regulations should be followed. In the Americas, National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 30: Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code, is a widely used standard. NFPA 30 establishes storage conditions for the following classes of materials: Class I Flammable Liquids, Flashpoint <37.8 °C. Class II Combustible Liquids, 37.8 °C < Flashpoint <60 °C. Class IIIa Combustible Liquids, 60 °C < Flashpoint < 93 °C. Class IIIb Combustible Liquids, Flashpoint > 93 °C.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Measures:

Utilize a closed system process where feasible. Where this material is not used in a closed system, good enclosure and local exhaust ventilation should be provided to control exposure.

Respiratory Protection:

Where exposures are below the established exposure limit, no respiratory protection is required. Where exposures exceed the established exposure limit, use respiratory protection recommended for the material and level of exposure.

Eye Protection:

Prevent eye and skin contact. Provide eye wash fountain and safety shower in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

Skin Protection:

Prevent contamination of skin or clothing when removing protective equipment.

Hand Protection:

Nitrile or fluorinated rubber gloves. Consider the porosity and elasticity data of the glove manufacturer and the specific conditons in the work place. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occurred. Replace gloves immediately when torn or any change in appearance (dimension, colour, flexibility etc) is noticed.

CONAP® S-1 Solvent SDS: 0008050 Date Prepared: 06/27/2013 Page 5 of 10

Additional Advice:

Food, beverages, and tobacco products should not be carried, stored, or consumed where this material is in use. Before eating, drinking, or smoking, wash face and hands thoroughly with soap and water. It is recommended that a shower be taken after completion of workshift especially if significant contact has occurred. Work clothing should then be laundered prior to reuse. Street clothing should be stored separately from work clothing and protective equipment Work clothing and shoes should not be taken home.

Exposure Limit(s)

108-88-3 Toluene

OSHA (PEL): 200 ppm (TWA) 300 ppm (Ceiling)

ACGIH (TLV): 20 ppm (TWA) Other Value: Not established

67-63-0 Isopropanol

OSHA (PEL): 400 ppm (TWA)

980 mg/m³ (TWA)

ACGIH (TLV): 400 ppm (STEL)

200 ppm (TWA)

Other Value: Not established

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

colorless Color: Appearance: liquid Odor: solvent **Boiling Point:** Not available **Melting Point:** Not available **Vapor Pressure:** Not available Specific Gravity/Density: 0.849 @ 16 °C Not available Vapor Density: Percent Volatile (% by wt.): Not available Not available pH:

Saturation In Air (% By Vol.):

Evaporation Rate:

Solubility In Water:

Volatile Organic Content:

Not available
Not available

Flash Point: 4 °C 40 °F Closed Cup

Flammable Limits (% By Vol): Not available
Autoignition Temperature: Not available
Partition coefficient (n- Not available

octanol/water):

Odor Threshold: Not available Viscosity (Kinematic): Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable

Conditions To Avoid: None known

Polymerization: Will not occur

Conditions To Avoid: None known

CONAP® S-1 Solvent SDS: 0008050 Date Prepared: 06/27/2013 Page 6 of 10

Materials To Avoid: Avoid contact with oxidizers, heat, sparks and open flames.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

oxides of carbon

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

PRODUCT TOXICITY INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure: Skin, Eyes, Respiratory System.

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA

 oral
 rat
 Acute LD50
 >2000 mg/kg

 dermal
 rabbit
 Acute LD50
 >2000 mg/kg

 inhalation
 rat
 Acute LC50 4 hr
 >20 mg/l (Vapors)

LOCAL EFFECTS ON SKIN AND EYE

Acute Irritation dermal Irritating
Acute Irritation eye Irritating

ALLERGIC SENSITIZATION

Sensitization skin Not sensitizing
Sensitization respiratory Not sensitizing

GENOTOXICITY

Assays for Gene Mutations

Ames Salmonella Assay No data

OTHER INFORMATION

The product toxicity information above has been estimated.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT TOXICITY DATA

Toluene has acute oral (rat) and dermal (rabbit) LD50 values of 4,328 mg/kg and 12124 mg/kg, respectively. The acute 4-hour inhalation (rat, female) LC50 value is 5,060 ppm (19.07 mg/L). Toluene is a severe eye and moderate skin irritant. Inhalation overexposure to toluene vapor can cause headache, fatigue, nausea, and central nervous system depression. Sustained inhalation of high levels of toluene has been shown to cause reversible kidney and liver damage. Subchronic inhalation of toluene vapors have caused permanent hearing loss, decreased learning capabilities and damage to the eyes in laboratory animal tests. Deliberate inhalation of high concentrations of toluene vapor by pregnant women has been shown to adversely affect the fetus. These fetotoxic effects include intrauterine growth retardation and delayed postnatal development. The fetotoxic effects of toluene seen in laboratory animals are similar to those seen in humans. Ingestion of toluene in laboratory animals caused mild gastritis and harmful effects on the respiratory system, kidneys, liver and heart. Ingestion in laboratory animals also caused harmful effects on the central nervous system and death. It has also been reported that subchronic ingestion of toluene caused brain and bladder damage in laboratory animals. Due to synergistic effects, the toxicity of toluene may be enhanced by exposure to n-hexane, benzene, xylene, acetylsalicylic acid and chlorinated hydrocarbons. The literature reports that toluene is an aspiration hazard, that acute oral exposure resulted in reversible visual dysfunction, and that chronic exposure has caused altered immune function in animals. Toluene is a chemical known to the State of California to cause reproductive toxicity.

CONAP® S-1 Solvent SDS: 0008050 Date Prepared: 06/27/2013 Page 7 of 10

Isopropanol has acute oral (rat) and dermal (rabbit) LD50 values of 5.0 g/kg and 12.8 g/kg, respectively. The 4-hour inhalation LC50 (rat) for isopropanol is >16,000 ppm (40.86 mg/L). Acute overexposure to isopropanol vapor may cause mild irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract. Chronic overexposure to isopropanol vapors may cause central nervous system depression, headaches, dizziness, nausea, and staggered gait. Liquid isopropanol may cause moderate to severe eye irritation. In laboratory animals studies, isopropanol has produced fetotoxic effects at levels that were maternally toxic and developmental effects at levels that were maternally non-toxic, and inhalation exposures that produced reduced fetal weight at non-maternally toxic levels. Literature reports chronic exposure has caused kidney problems and testicular effects in laboratory animals.

California Proposition 65 Warning (applicable in California only) - This product contains (a) chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY, PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY, BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL, MOBILITY IN SOIL, OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

This material is not classified as dangerous for the environment.

The ecological assessment for this material is based on an evaluation of its components.

RESULTS OF PBT AND vPvB ASSESSMENT

Not determined

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT TOXICITY DATA

Component / CAS No.	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Water Flea
Toluene	EC50 = 12.5 mg/L -	LC50 = 12.6 mg/L - Pimephales	EC50 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L -
108-88-3	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	promelas (96h)	Daphnia magna (48h)
	(72h)	LC50 = 28.2 mg/L - Poecilia	EC50 = 11.5 mg/L - Daphnia
	EC50 > 433 mg/L -	reticulata (96h)	magna (48h)
	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	LC50 15.22 - 19.05 mg/L -	
	(96h)	Pimephales promelas (96h)	
		LC50 50.87 - 70.34 mg/L -	
		Poecilia reticulata (96h)	
		LC50 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L -	
		Lepomis macrochirus (96h)	
		LC50 = 54 mg/L - Oryzias latipes	
		(96h)	
		LC50 14.1 - 17.16 mg/L -	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h)	
		LC50 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L -	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h)	
		LC50 = 5.8 mg/L -	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h)	

CONAP® S-1 Solvent SDS: 0008050 Date Prepared: 06/27/2013 Page 8 of 10

Component / CAS No.	onent / CAS No. Toxicity to Algae		Toxicity to Water Flea	
Isopropanol	EC50 > 1000 mg/L -	LC50 = 9640 mg/L - Pimephales	EC50 = 13299 mg/L - Daphnia	
67-63-0	Desmodesmus subspicatus (72h)	promelas (96h)	magna (48h)	
	EC50 > 1000 mg/L -	LC50 = 11130 mg/L -	-	
	Desmodesmus subspicatus (96h)	Pimephales promelas (96h)		
		LC50 > 1400000 µg/L - Lepomis		
		macrochirus (96h)		

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information on RCRA waste classification and disposal methodology provided below applies only to the product, as supplied. If the material has been altered or contaminated, or it has exceeded its recommended shelf life, the guidance may be inapplicable. Hazardous waste classification under federal regulations (40 CFR Part 261 et seg) is dependent upon whether a material is a RCRA "listed hazardous waste" or has any of the four RCRA "hazardous waste characteristics." Refer to 40 CFR Part 261.33 to determine if a given material to be disposed of is a RCRA "listed hazardous waste"; information contained in Section 15 of this MSDS is not intended to indicate if the product is a "listed hazardous waste." RCRA Hazardous Waste Characteristics: There are four characteristics defined in 40 CFR Section 261.21-61.24: Ignitability, Corrosivity, Reactivity, and Toxicity. To determine Ignitability, see Section 9 of this MSDS (flash point). For Corrosivity, see Sections 9 and 14 (pH and DOT corrosivity). For Reactivity, see Section 10 (incompatible materials). For Toxicity, see Section 3 (composition). Federal regulations are subject to change. State and local requirements, which may differ from or be more stringent than the federal regulations, may also apply to the classification of the material if it is to be disposed. The Company encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, where permitted, as an alternate to disposal as a waste. The Company recommends that organic materials classified as RCRA hazardous wastes be disposed of by thermal treatment or incineration at EPA approved facilities. The Company has provided the foregoing for information only; the person generating the waste is responsible for determining the waste classification and disposal method.

determining the waste classification and disposal method.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This section provides basic shipping classification information. Refer to appropriate transportation regulations for specific requirements.

US DOT

Dangerous Goods? X

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s

Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II UN/ID Number: UN1993

Transport Label Required: Flammable Liquid

Technical Name (N.O.S.): Contains toluene and isopropanol

Component / CAS No. Hazardous Substances / Reportable Quantity of Product (lbs)

Toluene 1250

Comments: Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities - DOT requirements specific to

Hazardous Substances only apply if the quantity in one package equals or exceeds

the product reportable quantity.

TRANSPORT CANADA

Dangerous Goods? X

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s

Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II UN Number: UN1993

Transport Label Required: Flammable Liquid

CONAP® S-1 Solvent SDS: 0008050 Date Prepared: 06/27/2013 Page 9 of 10

Technical Name (N.O.S.): Contains toluene and isopropanol

ICAO / IATA

Dangerous Goods? X

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II UN Number: UN1993

Transport Label Required: Flammable Liquid

Technical Name (N.O.S.): Contains toluene and isopropanol

IMO

Dangerous Goods? X

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class: 3 UN Number: UN1993 Packing Group: II

Transport Label Required: Flammable Liquid Technical Name (N.O.S.): Toluene, Isopropanol

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Inventory Information

United States (USA): All components of this product are included on the TSCA Chemical Inventory or are not required to be listed on the TSCA Chemical Inventory.

Canada: All components of this product are included on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed on the DSL.

European Economic Area (including EU): Cytec has appointed an Only Representative to relieve our customers from their registration requirements under the REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. Please contact us if you wish to benefit from the OR arrangement.

Australia: All components of this product are included in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) or are not required to be listed on AICS.

China: All components of this product are included on the Chinese inventory or are not required to be listed on the Chinese inventory.

Japan: All components of this product are included on the Japanese (ENCS) inventory or are not required to be listed on the Japanese inventory.

Korea: All components of this product are included on the Korean (ECL) inventory or are not required to be listed on the Korean inventory.

Philippines: All components of this product are included on the Philippine (PICCS) inventory or are not required to be listed on the Philippine inventory.

OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

The following components of this product may be subject to reporting requirements pursuant to Section 313 of CERCLA (40 CFR 372), Section 12(b) of TSCA, or may be subject to release reporting requirements (40 CFR 307, 40 CFR 311, etc.) See Section 13 for information on waste classification and waste disposal of this product.

CONAP® S-1 Solvent SDS: 0008050 Date Prepared: 06/27/2013 Page 10 of 10

Component / CAS No. Toluene 108-88-3	% 70 - 80	TPQ (lbs) None	RQ(lbs) 1000	S313 Yes	TSCA 12B No
Isopropanol 67-63-0	20 - 30	None	0	Yes	No

PRODUCT HAZARD CLASSIFICATION UNDER SECTION 311 OF SARA

- Acute
- Chronic
- Fire

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Rating (National Fire Protection Association)

Health: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

Fire: 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

Instability: 0 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions.

Reasons For Issue: New Format

Date Prepared: 06/27/2013

Date of last significant revision: 06/27/2013

Toluene

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H320 - Causes eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Isopropanol

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Prepared By: Product Sustainability & Regulatory Affairs Department; E-mail: custinfo@Cytec.com

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